

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH  
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by

HODGES, HUGHES & CO.,  
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

WM. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

The WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.  
Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

## SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

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THE  
COMMONWEALTH OFFICE  
JOB ROOMS

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VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

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MONROE & HARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, 2 vols. Price \$10 00  
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GUIDE TO JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c., by JOHN C. HENDON, 1 vol. Price 3 00  
THE GENERAL ACTS OF Session 1855-6, Pamphlet form. Price 1 00  
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### BLANKS.

BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds, Price—50 cts. per quire.  
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CIRCUIT CLERK'S EXECUTIONS, Price—60 cts. per quire.  
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BLANK DEEDS, Price—\$1 per quire.

Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

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### LAWYER'S BRIEFS

Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

### BLANKS.

Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice, and moderate terms.

Estate of James Harlan, dec'd.

THE undersigned having been appointed administrators of the estate of James Harlan, deceased, request all persons indebted to the same to make an early settlement. Persons having claims against said estate will have them prepared for adjustment.

All persons who may have any books, law or miscellaneous, belonging to said estate, are requested to return them to the undersigned at once.

JAMES HARLAN, JR.  
JOHN M. HARLAN,  
Administrators.

March 14, 1863—Yeoman copy.

HARLAN & HARLAN,  
Attorneys at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.

WILL practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the Federal courts holden in Frankfort, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of Franklin, Woodford, Shelby, Henry, Anderson, Owen, Mercer, and Scott.  
Special attention given to the collection of claims. They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, dec'd. Correspondence in reference to that business is requested.  
March 16, 1863—4tf.

J. M. GRAY,  
DENTAL SURGEON,  
Office and residence on Main between St. Clair and Lewis Streets.  
FRANKFORT, KY.

ALL operations for the Extraction, Insertion, Regulation, and Preservation of the Teeth performed in a scientific and satisfactory manner. He would ask the particular attention of those wanting artificial Teeth to his own improvement upon the Gold Rimmed Plate, which, for cleanliness, durability, and neatness, cannot be excelled. Specimens of all kinds of plate work may be seen at his office.  
Frankfort, April 22, 1863—1y.

Executive, Military, and Judicial Directory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our readers, the following Directory of all the departments of the State Government of Kentucky:

#### Executive Department.

GOVERNOR.  
Thos. E. Bramlette, Frankfort.  
SECRETARY'S OFFICE.  
E. L. Van Winkle, Sec'y of State, Frankfort.  
Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary, Frankfort.  
Daniel Clarke, "Ancient Governor," Frankfort.

#### AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

Grant Green, Auditor, Frankfort.  
C. Bailey, Assistant Auditor, Frankfort.  
James M. Whitrow, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Uberto Keenon, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Isaac Wingate, Jr., Clerk, Frankfort.  
B. F. Johnson, Clerk, Frankfort.  
F. H. Overton, Clerk, Frankfort.  
John L. Snowed, Clerk, Frankfort.

#### TREASURER'S OFFICE.

James H. Garrard, Treasurer, Frankfort.  
Mason P. Brown, Clerk, Frankfort.

#### LAND OFFICE.

Jas. A. Dawson, Register, Frankfort.  
Richard Sharpe, Chief Clerk, Frankfort.  
Ben. Chase, Clerk, Frankfort.

#### SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Rev. Daniel Stevenson, Frankfort.  
J. H. M. Ross, Clerk, Frankfort.

#### BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.

Philip Swigert, Frankfort.  
John M. Todd, Frankfort.  
William Brown, Sr., Bowlinggreen.

#### ATTORNEY GENERAL.

John M. Harlan, Frankfort.

#### PUBLIC PRINTER.

Wm. E. Hughes, Frankfort.

#### PUBLIC BINDER.

Adam C. Keenon, Frankfort.

#### LIBRARIAN.

Geo. A. Robertson, Frankfort.

#### Military Department.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.  
John Boyle, Adjutant General, Frankfort.  
James T. Bramlette, Asst. Adj. Gen., Frankfort.  
Charles Haydon, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Wm. E. Cox, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Chas. J. Clarke, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Frank H. Pope, Clerk, Frankfort.

#### INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE.

D. W. Lindsey, Inspector General, Frankfort.

#### QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Samuel G. Suddarth, Quartermaster General, Frankfort.  
W. T. Poynter, Auditing Clerk, Frankfort.  
Thos. A. Theobald, Ordnance Clerk, at Arsenal, Frankfort.

#### Judicial Department.

COURT OF APPEALS.  
Alvin Duvall, Chief Justice, Georgetown.  
Joshua F. Bullitt, Judge, Louisville.  
Belvid J. Peters, Judge, Mount Sterling.  
Rufus K. Williams, Judge, Mayfield.  
James P. Metcalfe, Reporter, Frankfort.  
Leslie Combs, Clerk, Frankfort.  
R. R. Eolling, Deputy Clerk, Frankfort.

JUDGES OF CIRCUIT COURTS.  
1st Dist.—C. S. Marshall, Bandville.  
2d Dist.—R. T. Petree, Hopkinsville.  
3d Dist.—James Stuart, Brandenburg.  
4th Dist.—A. W. Graham, Bowlinggreen.  
5th Dist.—J. E. Newman, Bardonia.  
6th Dist.—F. T. Fox, Danville.  
7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville.  
8th Dist.—Geo. C. Drake, New Castle.  
9th Dist.—Joseph Doniphan, Augusta.  
10th Dist.—L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg.  
11th Dist.—Richard Apperson, Jr., Mt. Sterling.  
12th Dist.—Granville Pearl, London.  
13th Dist.—W. C. Goodloe, Richmond.  
14th Dist.—W. P. Fowler, Smithland.

#### CHANCELLORS.

4th Dist.—J. W. Ritter, Glasgow.  
7th Dist.—Henry Pirtle, Louisville.  
Harry Stucky, Clerk Louisville Chancery Court, Louisville.

#### COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEYS.

1st Dist.—P. D. Yeiser, Paducah.  
2d Dist.—E. P. Campbell, Princeton.  
3d Dist.—John Chapeze, Hartford.  
4th Dist.—W. B. Jones, Franklin.  
5th Dist.—L. H. Noble, Lebanon.  
6th Dist.—M. H. Osley, Burlington.  
7th Dist.—J. R. Dupuy, Shelbyville.  
8th Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.  
9th Dist.—R. B. Carpenter, Covington.  
10th Dist.—Geo. M. Thomas, Clarksville.  
11th Dist.—J. S. Dorr, Mt. Sterling.  
12th Dist.—Hugh F. Finley, Winchester.  
13th Dist.—W. S. Downey, Winchester.  
14th Dist.—John Barrett, Henderson.

\*NOTE—The new Auditor, WM. T. SAMUELS, Esq., does not go into office until the first Monday in January, 1864, consequently we make no change in the Directory of that Department.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, E. L. VAN WINKLE,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

WILL practice in the Court of Appeals and in the Federal Courts held in Kentucky.  
Office in MANSION HOUSE, nearly opposite Commonwealth Printing Office.

E. L. & J. S. VAN WINKLE  
Will practice in the Franklin, Anderson, Boyle, and adjacent Circuit Courts.  
Offices—FRANKFORT AND DANVILLE.  
Sept. 14, 1863—by.

*Bryant's Commercial Directory*

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Address  
THOS. J. BRYANT.  
August 12, 1863—3m.

Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1863, the Accommodation Train will leave Louisville at 8:20 p. m.  
Oct. 20, 1863. SAM'L GILL, Sup't.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO'S  
WHOLESALE COLUMN!  
CINCINNATI, OHIO;

We have now in Store the largest Stock of

## DRY GOODS

AT

## WHOLESALE

Ever brought to

## THE WEST!

Our Goods were purchased and orders placed early in July, when prices were 10 to 25

per cent. lower than the

PREVAILING RATES OF TO-DAY

We are thus enabled to sell at

## LOWER PRICES

Than can NOW be purchased in New York.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.,

CORNER FIFTH AND VINE.

## SILKS & DRESS GOODS

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## WHOLESALE

We have the largest Stock of

## RICH SILKS & DRESS GOODS

IN

CINCINNATI,

Which we offer to Merchants at

## LOW PRICES!

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.

FRENCH MERINOS,  
MAGENTA MERINOS,  
AZULINE MERINOS,  
COBURGS,  
MODE ALPACAS,  
BLACK ALPACAS,  
POIL DE CHEVRES,  
WOOLEN PLAIDS,  
FRENCH REPPS,  
FRENCH POPLINS,  
PLAIN EMPRESS CLOTHS.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.

COR FIFTH AND VINE.

We have in Store,

## TEN THOUSAND

## SHAWLS,

AT LOW PRICES.

WATERVLEIT SQUARE SHAWLS,  
WATERVLEIT DRAB SHAWLS,  
WATERVLEIT LONG SHAWLS,  
WATERVLEIT MOURNING SHAWLS,  
MIDDLESEX SHAWLS,  
MIDDLESEX MOURNING SHAWLS,  
NEW STYLE STRIPED SHAWLS,  
RICH PLAID SHAWLS,  
BROCHE SQUARE SHAWLS,  
BROCHE LONG SHAWLS.

## BALMORAL SKIRTS,

FOR THE TRADE.

6,000

BALMORAL SKIRTS,  
BRUNNEN'S SKIRTS,  
WASHINGTON SKIRTS,  
ENGLISH SKIRTS.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.

BLEACHED

SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

AT

## WHOLESALE

Portsmouth B., Portsmouth P.,  
Attawagan XX., Greene, White Rock,  
Rhoda Island, Red Bank 7-8  
and 4-4 Hudson.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.

CORNER FIFTH AND VINE.

## American Crash

AT WHOLESALE.

20 Bales

BLEACHED AND BROWN,  
AT LOW PRICES.

## Russia Crash

BY THE BALE.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.

CORNER FIFTH AND VINE.

## TABLE LINENS,

AT WHOLESALE.

7-4 Bleached Damask, 7-5 Snow Drop,  
8-4 Bleached Damask, 8-4 Snow Drop, Damask  
Towels, Bordered Towels.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.

## EMBROIDERIES,

AT WHOLESALE.

We have a superb Stock of

## EMBROIDERED

GOLLARS AND SETS,

MALTESE LACE COLLARS,  
LACE SLEEVES,  
LACE SETS,  
EDGINGS,  
HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.

Merchants will find it greatly advantageous to examine our stock of goods before purchasing.

L. C. HOPKINS & CO.,

CINCINNATI, OHIO

Sept. 25, 1862.

### STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Liverpool and London Fire & Life

### INSURANCE COMPANY,

On the 1st day of January, 1863, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of the Company is the LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located in Liverpool, England.

CAPITAL.

The amount of its Capital Stock, is, authorized, \$10,000,000 00

The amount of the Capital Stock paid up, is, with surplus fund, 6,559,525 00

ASSETS.

1. Cash on hand, in Banks and on demand, \$232,541 76

2. Real estate unincumbered, 130,660 00

3. Debts due the Company, secured by mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate, worth 685,400 00

4. Debts due the Company for premiums and in the hands of Agents and course of transmission, 78,042 69

5. The Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying—how secured, and the rate of interest thereon, to-wit:

6. United States 6 per cent. Stock, of 1861, 46,000 00

7. All other securities, 49,932 25

Total assets of the Company \$1,222,027 68

LIABILITIES.

1. The amount of Liabilities, due and not due, to Banks and other Creditors—none, \$73,140 25

2. Losses unadjusted and Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof, 73,140 25

3. All other claims against the Company—none, 73,140 25

Total Liabilities, \$73,140 25

STATE OF NEW YORK,

City and County of New York.

Henry Grinnell, Deputy Chairman, and Alfred Pell, Resident Secretary, of the Liverpool and London Fire and Life Insurance Company, being severally sworn, depose and say, each for himself, says, that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds, or in mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate, worth per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; that the mortgages above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner released or impaired by said Company; and that they are the above described officers of the said Insurance Company.

HENRY GRINNELL, Deputy Chm.

ALFRED PELL, Resident Sec'y.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Commissioner for Kentucky, in and for said County of New York, State of New York, this 21st day of January, A. D., 1863.

[L. S.] DAN. SEIXAS,

Com'r for Ky. in N. Y.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KY.,  
Frankfort, March 21, 1863.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

No. 102—Renewal.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KY.,  
Frankfort, 21st March, 1863.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That Jno. B. Temple, as Agent of the Liverpool and London Fire and Life Insurance Company, of Liverpool, England, at Frankfort, Franklin County, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said Jno. B. Temple, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

[L. S.] IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have set my hand the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

JOHN B. TEMPLE, Agent,  
Frankfort.

March 25, 1863—2w.

### Proclamation by the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that LEWIS CHAPMAN, under an indictment in the Union Circuit Court, for the murder of Van Austin, has made his escape from the Union county jail, and is now going at large:

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said Chapman, and his delivery to the jailer of Union county within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 17th day of Nov., A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

[L. S.] THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor:  
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.

By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.  
He is about 40 years of age, 6 feet high, heavy built, light hair, and blue eyes.  
Nov. 17th, 1863—w&tw3m.

JAMES SPEED, WM. F. BARRETT.

### SPEED & BARRETT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,



# THE COMMONWEALTH.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1863.

## KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

### IN SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 16, 1863.

Prayer by the Rev. JOHN N. NORTON, of the Episcopal Church.  
The Journal of yesterday was read by the clerk.

### REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. BRUNER—Education—For the benefit of common schools: ordered to be printed and placed in the orders of the day.

Mr. BOTTS—Finance—For the benefit of Q. C. Shanks, late sheriff of Ohio county: passed.

Mr. BAKER—Internal Improvement—To amend the charter of the Hustonville and Coffeyville turnpike road company: passed.

Same—For the benefit of Alexander Dean, of Crittenden county: passed.

Mr. McHENRY—Judiciary—For the benefit of the sheriff and other officers of Graves county: passed.

Same—For the benefit of the town of Lebanon: passed.

Same—To incorporate the Lovelace Lodge, No. 111, I. O. O. F.: passed.

Same—To amend the charter of the town of Carrollton: passed.

Mr. FISK—Revised Statutes—To amend section 1, article 7, chapter 33, of Revised Statutes: passed.

Mr. BUSH—Revised Statutes—To amend section 15, article 1, chapter 23, of Revised Statutes: passed.

Same—House bill to amend chapter 28, article 9, of Revised Statutes, entitled Forgery: passed.

Mr. SAMPSON—Revised Statutes—To amend section 9, article 1, chapter 37, of Revised Statutes: passed.

Mr. ANTHONY—To repeal an act in relation to the trustees of the jury fund of the counties of Bath and Davies: passed.

Mr. ALEXANDER—County Courts—To change the time of holding the Bourbon quarterly courts: passed.

### LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, viz: Mr. PRALL—To change the time of holding the terms of the Bourbon quarterly court.

Mr. ALEXANDER—To require county and police judges to give bond for the public money that may come into their hands.

Mr. GRAINGER—For the benefit of the First Presbyterian Church, of the city of Louisville.

Same—To incorporate the Ursuline Society and Academy, of Louisville.

Mr. SAMPSON—For the benefit of the sheriff of Barren county.

Mr. BLACK—For the benefit of J. H. Walker of Crittenden county.

### LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Was granted to Messrs. SAMPSON, BUSH, BUSTER, and POWER until after the recess.

### RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. CLEVELAND offered the following joint resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky,

That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the report made by the Adjutant General of the number of men required to be furnished to fill the quota of this State, under the call of the President for 300,000 troops, and report to the Legislature the basis upon which the adjutant was made to each county, and whether the same is just and equitable; and that, if he can, procure and report at the same time the number enrolled in each county by the Provost Marshals of this State.

Mr. ROBINSON offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Governor of Kentucky be requested to ascertain and inform the General Assembly now in session, upon what basis the number of men enrolled to be drafted in Kentucky has been made.

And then the Senate adjourned.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 16, 1863.

The House was opened with prayer by the Rev. J. M. LANGASTER, of the Catholic Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read.

### PETITIONS.

Were presented by Messrs. CARLILE and LAYTON, and referred.

### REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. McFARLAND—Propositions and Grievances—Regulating the fees of clerks of this Commonwealth: ordered to be printed.

Mr. THOMPSON—Privileges and Elections—To change voting place in district No. 4, in Anderson county: passed.

Mr. MARSHALL—Judiciary—Benefit of Mrs. Caroline Favre: passed.

Same—Judiciary—Benefit of Mrs. Jane Ham: passed.

Mr. R. J. BROWNE—Judiciary—To empower the Ohio county court to levy a tax to build a court house: amended and passed.

Mr. DeHAVEN—Ways and Means—Benefit of the sureties of R. L. South, late sheriff of Breathitt county: passed.

Same—Ways and Means—To increase the fees of Assessors of Tax: (increases compensation to 12 cents): placed in orders of day.

Mr. ALF. ALLEN moved to strike out 12 and insert 15 cents: rejected.

Mr. E. H. SMITH moved that for each list the assessor fails to take in to be taxed \$1: adopted.

Same—Ways and Means—Benefit of Jas. H. Burton and others: referred to committee on Judiciary.

Mr. BAILEY—Ways and Means—Benefit of G. T. Blakey, sheriff of Logan county: passed.

Same—Ways and Means—Benefit of P. C. Phelps, referred to committee on Judiciary.

Mr. VARNON—Ways and Means—Benefit of the sheriff of Bath county: passed.

Mr. WALLER—Ways and Means—Benefit of the jailers of this Commonwealth: (increases jailers fees to 50 cents): passed.

Mr. RAY—Ways and Means—Benefit of Nathan el Dubois: committed to committee on Judiciary.

Mr. WEIR—Education—Benefit of common school district No. 35, in Davies county: passed.

Same—Education—To provide for the correct enrollment of the deaf, dumb, and blind: passed.

Mr. J. F. BELL—Banks—Benefit of the Stanford Deposit Bank: passed.

Mr. CARLILE—Banks—Benefit of the Deposit Bank at Owensboro: passed.

Mr. WOOD—County Courts—Benefit of Geo. W. Darlington, late sheriff of Greenup county: passed.

Same—Benefit of sundry counties of

the State: (furnishes books, destroyed by rebel raids, &c.) placed in order of the day.

### A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Was received through the hands of Mr. J. R. PAGE, announcing the signing of sundry enrolled bills and a message in writing, (proceedings of the stockholders of the Southern Bank of Ky.)

### SELECT COMMITTEES.

Mr. NEALE—Benefit of B. S. Terrell, Jr., of Madison county: passed.

Same—To incorporate the Stephen Walker Cemetery Company: passed.

### LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

Leave was granted to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, to-wit:

Mr. WARRING—Benefit of J. H. Eubank, late sheriff of Barren county.

Mr. SANDIDGE—Benefit of common school districts in Cumberland county.

Mr. SPURK—Benefit of the infant heirs of J. M. Barkley deceased.

Mr. S. B. THOMAS—Benefit of W. G. Mulholland.

Same—Benefit of W. H. Fowler.

Mr. POWELL—Benefit of school district No. 3, in Harlan county.

Mr. DELPH—To provide that all bills, drafts, or orders drawn at sight shall be payable on demand.

Mr. CLARK—Benefit of J. S. Dury.

Same—Amend Code of Practice.

Same—Amend Revised Statutes.

Mr. J. R. THOMAS—Benefit of ministers of the gospel, exempting them from the draft.

Mr. OWINGS—Benefit of E. O. Brown, of Meade county.

Mr. CALHOON—To increase the common school fund, of McLean county.

Mr. WALLER—To better provide for the collection of the revenue of the year 1861.

Mr. TUTTLE—For the benefit of Wayne county.

### ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Being the resolution in reference to the repeal of the \$300 clause of the draft law: re-committed.

The resolution of thanks of the army of the Mississippi was taken up and several amendments being offered it was referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

### RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. FISHER offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be directed to inquire into the expediency of requesting the President of the United States, to postpone the draft in Kentucky until the first Tuesday in February, 1864, and that said committee report by resolution or otherwise.

Mr. McFARLAND offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on Revised Statutes inquire into the expediency of requiring all sales of property sold by virtue of decrees in chancery, or judgments at law in counties where a newspaper is published, when the amount of said decree or judgment exceeds \$100, that the sale shall be advertised in said newspaper, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. SPARKS offered the following resolution which was committed to the committee on Public Printing:

Resolved, That the Public Printer print forthwith 200 copies of the report of Geo. Stealey, Civil Engineer, made in 1857, and published in the Kentucky Commonwealth, and append thereto the act of 1853 concerning the Kentucky river navigation.

Mr. POWELL offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Auditor be instructed to report to this house the number of sheep killed by dogs, and their value, in each county of this Commonwealth, since the first day of January, 1862.

Mr. WEIR offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on Internal Improvement at an early day inquire into the present situation of navigation on Green and Barren rivers, and report what navigation, if any, is necessary to put said rivers in navigable order.

And then the House adjourned.

### A Chapter For Parents.

There is one great defect in the present system of family education. Not that there is only one, but we wish to call attention to the present to the practice of obliging the child of a family, in almost every instance in which self-denial is involved to give way.

"Remember he is your brother," is the appeal to tender little hearts, which, though often swelling under a sense of injustice, naturally give way under this argument. This might be all very well, were the boys always taught reciprocity in this matter; but as this unfortunately is not often the case, a monstrous little tyrant is produced, whose forbearing exactions and hourly selfishness are disgusting to witness.

As years roll on Augustus' handkerchiefs are hemmed at half a wink from his lordship that he wishes it done, and his breakfast kept hot for him, though he change his breakfast hour as often as the disgusted cook leaves her place; while his sister's faintest intimation of a desire for his escort of an evening is met with a yawn and an allusion to "the fellows" who are always "expecting him."

It is easy to see what delightful ideas of reciprocity in mutual good offices Augustus will carry into the conjugal state, if he ever marries. His bride soon finds this out to her dismay, and half a dozen babies, and her watchful nights and care-worn days are no excuse for not always placing his clean linen on a chair by his bed when needed.

"To save him the trouble of opening his bureau drawers." "Before he was married" his handkerchiefs were always laid in a pile in the northeast corner of his drawer, duly perfumed, and with the exquisite word "Augustus" embroidered in the corner.

And now? "Before he was married" he was always consulted about the number of plums in his favorite pudding. And now? "Before he was married" he had his breakfast any time between seven in the morning and three in the afternoon. And now?

And so the poor weary woman hears the changes rung upon the newly-discovered virtues and perfections of his family, until she heartily wishes he had never left them. It never once occurs meanwhile to this domestic Nero to look at the other side of the question. How should it? when all his life at home was one ovation to his vanity and selfishness.

"He could never bear contradiction! dear Augustus couldn't; so he must never be contradicted. His friends must either agree with him or be silent, because a contrary course would always vex him." Now we beg all mothers who are educating domestic tyrants in their nurseries to have some regard for the wife of his future, waiting for her fate; even if they have none on his sisters and themselves.

The most interesting story we ever read was one which did not end, as usual, with the marriage of the children of the family, but followed them into homes of their own, where the results of the affectionate and at the same time judicious home-training manifested themselves in their beautiful unselfish lives. It would do no harm if mothers

would sometimes ask themselves, when looking at their boys, what sort of a husband am I educating for somebody? It is very common to think what kind of a wife a daughter may make. Surely the former question, although so seldom occurring, is no less important.

### FANNY FERN.

A Chapter on First Things.

The first poll tax was levied in Massachusetts in 1646.

The first excise in New England was levied in Plymouth in 1643.

Joseph Dudley was the first chief justice of New York, and was afterward Governor of Massachusetts.

In 1656 several Friends arrived in Boston, and were the first who came to America. To prevent the spreading of what was called their "heretical doctrine," they were ordered to leave the colony.

The first Episcopal ordination held in America was by Bishop Seabury, at Middletown, Connecticut, August 31, 1785, when the Rev. Ashbel Baldwin, the Rev. Philo Shelton and one other, were ordained deacons.

The first machine ever used for cutting nails is said to have been invented by Benjamin Cochrane, a shopmate of Mr. Whitney. This inventor died at Batavia, New York, in 1847, at a good old age. His machine cut out the nail without a head. Previous to the date of his invention (1790), nails had been punched out of plates by hand in Connecticut; these also had no head.

The first paper established in Illinois was the Illinois Herald, began at Kaskaskia, at or before 1814, by Mathew Duncan, brother of late Governor Duncan of Kentucky. It passed soon after, under the name of the Illinois Intelligencer, into the hands of Elijah C. Berry, who removed his press and paper to Vandalia in 1820, where it was conducted later by Messrs. Brown & Berry.

The first Methodist who ever stepped his foot in the streets of this Puritan city was Charles Wesley, a brother of John Wesley, the greatest hymn writer in the world. He sailed from Liverpool for Charleston, S. C., and the ship being disabled, he put in here in 1774 and remained two weeks. During that time he preached several times, and created considerable sensation.

The first book in the English language on the subject of dyeing, as far as yet been discovered, was printed in London in the year 1605, and contains instructions as to proper use of indigo, madder, Brazilwood, gall nuts, &c. These instructions seem to have been founded on the practice of the dyers of Flanders, in which country the art was making some progress, although black was the color in most general use.

The first observation of an eclipse made by the Chinese, the authenticity of which is established, is in the year 776 B. C. At Babylon, the most ancient observation made by the Chaldeans was in the year 747. It has been said that Callisthenes sent to Aristotle, from Babylon, observations of a celestial phenomena occurring during a space of 1900 years.

The first camp meeting held in America was in Kentucky. Two preachers—one a Presbyterian and the other a Methodist—met in a village, on the Sabbath, where there was but one church. The Presbyterians officiated in the forenoon and the Methodists in the afternoon. The interest upon the subject was so great that they continued the meetings for a day or two at the time. The attendance soon became so large that they adjourned to the woods, and continued the meeting for a week. And this is the origin of the modern camp meeting.

Congregational singing was introduced into England about the time when Queen Elizabeth ascended the throne (1558). In 1559, Bishop Jewel wrote that "it began in one church in London, and did quickly spread itself not only through the city but in neighboring places. Sometimes at Paul's Cross there will be six thousand people singing. This was very grievous to the Papists." In the same year at St. Anthony's in London, "a psalm was sung after the Geneva fashion; all the congregation—men, women and boys—singing together."

The first book printed in England is said to have emanated from Oxford in 1468, under the title of "Expositio Santi Jeronimi in Sinibola Apostolorum." Its claims to be regarded in this light have, however, been much discussed. Others are of opinion that the first work printed in England was "The Game and Playe of Chess," translated out of the French, and imprinted by William Caxton. Fynewyth the last day of Marche, A. D. 1474." It is certainly the first book in which Caxton has affixed a date, and is consequently highly prized by book collectors.

The first railroad in the world was commenced at and ran from Darlington to Stockton, England, and the first locomotive engine ever run on a railroad now stands as an object of curiosity at the Darlington depot. It is different in its construction to those in present use, having two walking beams and upright cylinders. It is kept in fine order, and stands on a large elevated platform, built purposely for its accommodation. The date of the year, 1825, is engraved on the slab upon which it stands. Strangers come from a distance to see it and photographers lend their aid to those not otherwise able to command the sight.

PERITAN WEDDING DISCOURSES.—The practice of wedding discourses was handed down into the last century, and sometimes beguiled the parties concerned into rather startling levities. For instance, when Parson Smith's daughter Mary was to marry young Mr. Cranch—(what graceful productions of pen and pencil have come to the generation from the posterity of that union!)—the father permitted the saintly maiden to decide on her own text for the sermon, and she meekly selected "Mary hath chosen the better part," and the discourse was duly pronounced. But when her wild young sister Abby was bent on marrying a certain Squire Adams, called John, whom her father disliked, and would not even invite to dinner, she boldly suggested for her text, "John came neither eating bread or drinking wine, and ye say he hath a devil." But no sermon stands recorded under this prefix, though Abby lived to be the wife of one President of the United States and mother of another.—Atlantic Monthly.

GETTING A BOARD.—A traveler came down to the wharf just as the steamer had left. It was a grievous disappointment to him. While ruminating a stranger inquired if he wanted to be aboard. "Certainly," said he. "Then take one off the fence," was the reply. [St. Jo. Herald.]

The Viceroys of Egypt will soon have a capital of nearly \$1,000,000 in steam-ploughs on his own estates alone, and is about to form a model farm on a large scale, under the direction of an English Agriculturist.

Lord John Russell's wife had been a widow a lady of dignified and ample proportion and presence. His Lordship is of slender stature. Hence he was called by the wits, the widow's mate.

"Oh!" exclaimed an American lady to whom this witticism was related at a dinner party of English gentry, "I now see how it came to pass that his Lordship was cast into the Treasury!"

The surplus of the Russian ball fund will be devoted to the purchase of coal for the New York poor—about a thousand tons.

### Kentucky Legislature.

The following is a list of the members of the Legislature, and the counties from which they come, viz:

#### SENATE.

1st District—J. D. Landrum, Union.

2d District—W. T. Chiles, Union.

3d District—T. W. Hammond, Union.

4th District—N. R. Black, Union.

5th District—W. W. Gardner, Union.

6th District—B. H. Bristol, Union.

7th District—Wm. Anthony, Union.

8th District—Henry D. McHenry, Union.

9th District—John B. Bruner, Union.

10th District—R. H. Field, Union.

11th District—Wm. Sampson, Union.

12th District—Geo. Wright, Union.

13th District—J. R. Duncan, Union.

14th District—Wm. B. Read, No-men-or-money.

15th District—C. T. Worthington, Union.

16th District—Thos. T. Alexander, Union.

17th District—M. P. Buser, Union.

18th District—Geo. C. Riffe, Union.

19th District—Ben. Spaulding, Union.

20th District—John K. Goodloe, Union.

21st District—W. C. Whitaker, Union.

22d District—Asa P. Grover, No-men-or-money.

23d District—John J. Landrum, Union.

24th District—John F. Fisk, Union.

25th District—R. T. Baker, Union.

26th District—Francis L. Cleveland, Union.

27th District—Jas. F. Robinson, Union.

28th District—Jas. H. G. Bush, Union.

29th District—Wm. S. Batts, Union.

30th District—M. P. Marshall, Union.

31st District—Wm. C. Grier, Union.

32d District—John Power, Union.

33d District—Theo. T. Garrard, Union.

34th District—Harrison Cockrill, Union.

35th District—Milton J. Cook, Union.

36th District—Gibson Mallory, Union.

37th District—W. H. Garrard, Union.

38th District—Wm. H. Garrard, Union.

Senators marked thus (\*) held over.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Adair—J. T. Bramlette, Union.

Allen—John J. Gatewood, Union.

Anderson—Thomas L. McGinnis, Union.

Ballard—Thomas P. Hays, Union.

Bath—Dr. Joshua Barnes, Union.

Boone—W. H. Baker, No-men-or-money.

Bourbon—Richard H. Hanson, Union.

Boyle and Lawrence—D. W. Johns, Union.

Boyle—Joshua F. Bell, Union.

Barren—W. W. Warring, Union.

Bracken—Wm. A. Pepper, Union.

Breathitt and Magoffin—T. P. Cardwell, Union.

Buckner—Alf. Allen, Union.

Bullitt—Wm. R. Thompson, Union.

Butler and Edmonson—O. P. Johnson, Union.

Callowell—Francis Gardner, Union.

Callaway—Dr. John Whitnel, Union.

Campbell—Cyrus Campbell and Jacob Hawthorn, Union.

Carlisle—Wm. M. Fisher, No-men-or-money.



# THE COMMONWEALTH

## FRANKFORT.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1863

The Louisville Journal says the Richmond papers are making grievous complaints of the inefficiency of the postal arrangement of the Confederacy, while Postmaster General Blair has just reported an unprecedented degree of financial prosperity in his department. The necessity under which the Federal Government has labored of supporting extensive but unproductive lines of mail carriage in the States which have seceded, has for many years caused the expenses to exceed the postal revenues, but during the last fiscal year, while the expenditures have reached between eleven and twelve million dollars, the receipts have fallen short only about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of defraying all expenses. This prosperous condition has been attained without diminishing the service, for one hundred and seventy-two new offices were established during the year; and the reopening of postal facilities in the seceding States, as they come under the control of the Federal authority, has doubtless involved an increased outlay for special agents. While the aggregate length of mail routes has been increased 5,555 miles, the cost of mail transportation has been decreased about two per cent, and this is an assurance that the Postoffice Department will soon be self-sustaining. The contrast which these facts exhibit to the loud complaints of the Richmond papers as to the mail facilities of the Confederacy, is another evidence that the Border States content their own interests as well as the dictates of patriotism by resisting all the allurements which were offered to induce them to desert the protecting care of the Federal Union.

The Louisville Journal says John Roberts, charged with the murder of a man by the name of Brewer, has been removed from the jail of Henry county and lodged in the Louisville jail by order of Judge Drane. The reason assigned by his Honor for this order is that the jail of Henry county is insecure, and that a forcible rescue, in all probability, would have been attempted. Our jail is reasonably secure, but it is a fact that several persons are now within its walls for safe keeping, charged with desperate crimes, who have many friends outside of the city of Louisville, that are ready and willing, a favorable opportunity presenting itself to make a midnight attack upon the guards, open the jail, and set the prisoners at liberty. The Commonwealth furnishes two night guards for the jail, selected by the jailer. The number should be increased without delay by the Legislature now in session. Let the number be doubled, so that no vigilance shall be spared to hold in duress the malefactors who are from time to time incarcerated for trial or execution.

Captain W. T. Jackman, Sheriff of Russell county, paid into the treasury the entire revenue of his county, on the day it was due. Considering the fact that Russell county is one of the most exposed counties in the State, such promptness and energy as Capt Jackman has shown are deserving of the highest praise. The citizens of that county may well be proud of such an officer.

We would call special attention to the prospectus of 'Arthur's Home Magazine,' which may be found in another column of our paper. We can safely recommend it as being one of the best monthlies now published. Indeed, we do not know but we can say that, for the moral tone of its reading matter, it is the best Magazine which we have ever seen. It is just such a periodical as every parent should welcome to his fireside for the benefit of his children and friends, and it is certainly cheap enough for any one, who reads at all, to subscribe for. This Magazine, for January, 1864, which is out, is a very superior number.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in furtherance of revenue, proposes a duty of 22 1/2 per cent. on bank note circulation, 2 cents a pound on cotton, 60 cents a gallon on distilled spirits, 20 cents a pound on leaf tobacco and from 5 to 12 cents a pound on the manufactured article. He desires power to borrow \$900,000,000 in the coming fiscal years of 1863 and 1864. With this power and this increased tax, he does not anticipate any financial difficulty.

It appears, from the Agricultural Report for November, that the deficiency in the corn crop for the present year is nearly one hundred and thirty millions of bushels below what is required for home consumption. As the wants of the Government for the army are so very large, it is a question whether the late military orders stopping the distillation of grain in Kentucky and Tennessee, will not be extended to the great distilling States of Ohio and Illinois.

The brokers have not only established a Night Exchange up town in New York, but are now proposing to open a public Mining Stock Board, to deal in shares in mines. The Albany Argus says if it will instruct them in the difference between *meum* and *tuum*—mine and thine—it will be well. Mining, containing, and underlining are as much stock as military transactions.

The plan by which Gen. Hooker drove the rebel forces from Lookout Valley is now conceded to have originated and been ordered by Rosecrans. The credit of it is given to him by Gen. Thomas in his report.

Abraham Williams, company E, Sixty-third Indiana volunteers, was recently tried for desertion, was found guilty and sentenced to ball and chain for his term of service, forfeiture of pay, head shaving, and drumming out at last. Pretty hard, but better than shooting.

A quarterly meeting will be held at the Methodist Church, in this city, on next Saturday and Sunday the 19th and 20th inst.

Over two millions of gold have accumulated in the Sub-Treasury in San Francisco for customs. This gold has been ordered to be shipped to Europe. The Government will draw bills against it, and dispose of these in New York.

The gold mines in Idaho continue to prove very profitable, paying from \$50 to \$100 per day to a man. The latest and most profitable mines discovered are about 70 miles from Bannock city, on a stream called the Stink-water.

West Point is full again. It now contains 250 cadets, under the instruction of 25 commissioned officers; nine have been admitted during the past year, 45 of whom were appointed from the United States volunteers.

San Francisco now ranks as the third city of the United States in the amount of duties paid upon imports. Its population is now near 103,000. The increase of children for the past year has been about 6,000. The city has eighty private schools, attended by nearly 6,000 pupils; 10,500 attend the public and private schools.

The telegraph says that the Patent Office has a large surplus. Then why don't Commissioner Holloway pay the contributors to the Patent Office Report of 1861? He has managed to get their receipts, but don't pay the money.

Congress will be asked to add to the number of clerks in the Government employ, as well as to increase the salaries of those now authorized. The Quarter-master General's Bureau alone asks for one hundred and sixty more.

Roosevelt, the New York millionaire, has left an estate of a million of dollars to a benevolent institution. A small pittance left to his relatives will inspire tender respect to his memory.

New Tobacco.—Six hogsheads of new tobacco were sold Tuesday by Messrs. Spratt & Co., of Louisville, at the following prices: Four hogsheads, grown by Mr. W. R. Thomas, of Trigg county, at an average of \$21 50 per 100 pounds, and two hogsheads, grown by Mr. J. Bewley, of Meade county, at \$20 50 per 100 pounds.

POLITICAL TOLERANCE.—We find in the New York Times the following just observations in condemnation of the fierce and acrid intolerance which so greatly mars the decorum of our current political discussions, and which so needlessly disturbs the unity of loyal men at the present crisis:

'The truth is that there is too little tolerance among some classes of Union men of the honest convictions of those who differ from them. For the veritable copperhead of the Vallandigham stripe we have no one word to say. We have done our part, we think, in imploring such creatures. They are, to all intents and purposes, allies of the rebellion—they have given it constant aid and comfort—and they may justly be styled disloyal. But the word 'copperhead,' and the imputation of disloyalty are bandied quite too freely. It is a way some people have of showing their spite toward the men who don't exactly agree with them upon some of the questions touching slavery, or upon some of the features of President Lincoln's policy. It is a bad spirit, and it should be discontinued by every man who has breadth of mind enough to understand that the essential distinction between loyalty and disloyalty relates to sides, and not to difference in position on any one side. True Union men are obliged to agree only in one thing—the support of the war for the preservation of the Union. But, until the constitution of the human mind is changed, it will be impossible for all true Union men to agree in respect to the precise mode in which that war shall be conducted. Men, however devoted to a common cause, always differ about methods and details; and they have a right so to differ, so long as they will keep clear of factions and conduct fair discussion is always not only admissible, but profitable.'

The following is deceptively promulgated under the head of zoological information: 'The black tapir is found in many districts of Sumatra, but the red tapir is found chiefly in the District of Columbia.'

How to Draw Tea.—A few years since the writer took tea with a relative, and was delighted with the quality of the beverage. Upon inquiry, it proved that the article was from the same package used by another friend, whose tea always tasted miserably, and the difference was wholly owing to the methods used in its preparation. The last named person followed the usual plan of pouring boiling water upon the tea, which causes the most of the aroma to escape with the steam. The other friend adopted the following process, which I have since practiced, and would recommend. Poor tepid or cold water enough on the tea to cover it, place it on the stove-hearth, top of a teakettle, or any place where it will be warm, but not enough so as to cause the aroma to escape in steam. Let it remain half an hour, then pour on boiling water, and bring to the table.

HEATING VALUES OF DIFFERENT WOODS.—The following is set down as the relative heating values of the different kinds of American wood: Shellbark hickory, (being taken as the highest standard), 100; pignut hickory, 85; white oak, 75; white hickory, 72; apple-tree, 70; red oak, 69; black walnut, 66; white beech, 65; black birch, 62; yellow oak, 60; hard maple, 59; white elm, 58; red cedar, 50; wild cherry, 55; yellow poplar, 52; butternut, 52; white birch, 49; white pine, 42.

SENATOR FROM ARKANSAS.—The Memphis Argus of the 5th, announces the arrival in that city of Hon. W. K. Sebastian, who, it says, is on his way to Washington to attend the present session of Congress, he having two years to serve of his term as U. S. Senator from Arkansas. Mr. Sebastian has ever been a Union man, and refused to take any part in the rebellion in his State. His presence at Washington, with a view to resume his seat in the Senate, will bring up an interesting question for early settlement. [Nash. Union.]

The next total eclipse of the sun, visible in this hemisphere, will be on August 7, 1869.

The following dialogue took place in a corporation school where the pupils are taught to believe in accordance with the portion of Scripture allotted to each occasionally to read:

Mr. Wrathbone—"Pray, sir, what is your belief?"

Pupil—"Please, sir, I believe in nothing."

Mr. Wrathbone—"Yes, but you do! I'll 'wallop you, sir, you believe in the holy Catholic Church."

Pupil—"No, sir, please, sir, the lad as believes in that 'gods the mensels at home, and I've got his seat."

This is very similar to a case which occurred in a Sunday School in the Five Points, New York. The school Marlin had trained a class of little fellows for an exhibition, they were to answer certain questions. The first question was, "Who made you?" The answer, "God." Second question, "What was you made of?" and answer, "The dust of the earth." When the "exhibition" took place, the head one of the class was not present. The teacher however did not notice it, or made no allowance for it, but commenced at the beginning, thus—"Who made you?"

"Please ma'am," said a little boy who happened to be head, and who should have had the second question—"please ma'am, I'm made of the dirt of the earth; but the little boy that God has gone home with the belly ache."

HARVESTING IN JAPAN.—Another portion of the crop was harvested in a most curious way, which I think must be peculiar to Japan, for I have neither seen nor heard of it in any other country. On the 10th of June—so says my journal—fires were observed blazing all over the country and dense masses of smoke were seen rising from every cornfield. This time it was not the burning of rape stalks, for they had all disappeared, having been converted into their elements of earth and air, the former of which was already entering into another form, and was supplying food for the summer crops. It was the bearded barley which was now going through the crucible, the object being to separate the heads of grain from the straw and awns. This was done in the following way: The grain having been tied up in small bundles or sheaves, is removed to a convenient spot on the edge of the field. When the burning is to begin, the workman takes a sheaf in one hand, and with the other applies fire to the upper or grain end of the sheaf. It immediately ignites, the awns go off in a blaze, the heads of grain snap from the stalk and fall to the ground. Lighting another sheaf, the workman throws the first away in a blaze, regardless apparently of the value of the straw, and so the operation goes on. As the bearded heads fall to the ground the fires go out, leaving them slightly browned by the operation, but with the grain unharmed.—*Fortune's Yedo and Peking.*

E. James, the noted but bankrupt English barrister, now residing in New York, is about to marry a New York heiress and settle with his London creditors.

A fine Newfoundland dog was recently picked up at sea by a schooner in the English Channel, floating on a small piece of a wreck. As the schooner's boat reached him he jumped in.

### COURT OF APPEALS.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 16, 1863.  
CATES DECIDED.  
Brown v Burdett, Garrard; reversed.  
Same v Bazy and Hulson, Garrard; reversed.  
Same v Same, No. 2, Garrard; reversed.  
ORDERS.  
Swango v Commonwealth, Gallatin; appeal dismissed, failure to file record in time.  
Hooker et al v Gentry et al, Madison; motion to set aside order of continuance overruled.  
Hill's ad'rs et al v Burdett, Madison; motion to set aside order of continuance overruled.  
Lex and Big Sandy R. R. Co. v Bondurant, Clarke; order of submission set aside and cause continued.  
Kitchen v Commonwealth, Carter; rehearing granted.  
Armstrong & Throop v Harman et al, Fleming; motion by appellant to amend mandate and to correct taxation of costs.  
Sullivan et al v Patterson et al, Lewis; bond for costs executed and rule discharged.  
Wurtz et al v Beckwith's ad'rs, Lewis;  
James v Smith et al, Lewis;  
Tillie's ad'rs et al v Burdett, Madison;  
Hastber v Bevard, Lewis;  
Howe v Kendall et al, Fleming;  
Same v Same, No. 2, Fleming; were submitted on briefs.  
Blanchett et al v Musselman et al, Grant; argument concluded by Lindsey for appellants.

### ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE

For 1864. Edited by T. S. Arthur and Virginia F. Townsend—Volumes XXIII. and XXIV.  
THE HOME MAGAZINE for 1864 will be conducted in the same spirit that has distinguished it from the commencement and continue to unite in one periodical the shorter stories, poems, essays, and sketches of life and character, written with the aim of blending literary excellence with the higher teachings of morality and religion.

Our Premium Plates for 1864 are large and beautiful Photographs of "KAYAKLINE" and "THE MICHELLE BARK."  
TERMS—\$2 a year in advance Two copies for \$3. Three for \$4. Four for \$5. Eight, and one extra to getter up of club, \$10. Twelve, and one extra, \$15. Seventeen, and one extra, \$20. PREMIUMS—One to every \$2 subscriber; and one to getter-up of \$3, \$4, \$5, or \$10 club. Both premiums sent to getter up of \$15 and \$20 clubs.  
In ordering premiums send three red stamps, to prepay postage on same.

Address T. S. ARTHUR & CO., 223 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

MAXIMS FOR HUSBANDS.—Resolve in the morning to be patient and cheerful during the day. Laugh heartily in finding all the buttons off your shirt—as usual. Say merrily, "Boys will be boys," when you discover that the children have emptied the contents of the water-jug into your boots. On gashing your chin with a razor, remember that beauty is but skin deep; and, in order to divert your thoughts from the pain, recite a speech from Hamlet, or indulge in one of the harmonies of your native land. If breakfast is not ready for you, chuckle, and grin pleasantly at the delay, remembering that a merry heart is a continual feast; and go to your daily business with a pleasant smile.

### MARRIED.

On Tuesday evening, the 15th inst., by Rev. S. L. Robertson, Mr. JAMES M. RYER and Miss MARGARET N. SMITH, all of Franklin county, Ky.

### U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *Quia Emptor*, No. 165, of the United States Circuit Court of the District of Kentucky at Louisville, on the 7th day of December, in favor of the United States and against Edward Terrell. The undersigned and one of us, will, on the 21st of December, 1863, offer for sale to the highest bidder at the Court House door in the city of Frankfort, and county of Franklin, for cash in hand, the following described property, to-wit: one rickaway; one horse; one set of single harness; two gold watches; one gold or plated watch; and one silver watch. It being levied on as the property of said Edward Terrell to satisfy said *Quia Emptor*. Sale to take place at 10 A. M., on the above named day.  
J. C. McDOWELL, Marshal,  
H. M. HEWITT, Jr., Deputy.  
December 17, 1863-43c.

ALF. BURNETT, Esq.  
WELL AND FAVORABLY KNOWN AS A POPULAR LECTURER, is home on a brief furlough, and desires devoting the time to business and reading. He has a large stock of interesting and valuable books, and is prepared to lecture on "ECCENTRIC CHARACTER."  
His past two years with the army, has afforded him a rich field for new phases in "Comic Character," while the continued exercise of his voice in the open air, for the gratuitous amusement of our noble soldiers, has added to his vocal powers wonderful strength.  
Mr. Burnett will give two of his entertainments in FRANKFORT on Saturday and Monday nights, Dec. 19th and 21st.  
Literary and other societies, wishing to engage his services, will please address,  
C. M. CLARK, Agent,  
Cincinnati, Ohio.  
Dec. 17, 1863-td.

For Collar Lost.  
LOST, on Monday afternoon, a FUR COLLAR, between the Railroad Depot and Gen. P. Dudley's residence. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the residence of Gen. Dudley.  
Dec. 16, 1863.  
R. T. DILLARD.

### NOTICE.

To persons holding Quarter-master's and Commissaries' vouchers or certificates:  
The undersigned will attend promptly to the collection of Quarter-master's and Commissaries' vouchers or certificates, and all other just claims against the Government.  
We have made arrangements with the Departments at Washington city for the prompt payment of all vouchers or certificates placed in our hands for collection, which have been reported to the Departments by the Quarter-masters and Commissaries.  
In all cases where the property has not been returned or accounted for, the Departments by the Quarter-masters and Commissaries, their pay will be stopped until such return of the property is made.  
Our charges will be reasonable, depending on the time and trouble in collecting. No compensation asked until collections are made.  
All persons who wish the claim, or vouchers secured, should forward them to us immediately for collection.  
Office southeast corner of Walnut and Third streets, No. 2, up stairs, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
AMUEL F. CARY & CO.  
Dec. 16, 1863-6td&1w.

### THE ASSEMBLY HOPS!

The first of the series of ASSEMBLY HOPS will take place at Capital Hotel on FRIDAY EVENING, 18th DECEMBER, commencing at eight and closing at one o'clock.  
Gentlemen's admission card..... \$1  
J. C. SAYERS,  
J. M. HEWITT, Jr.,  
J. T. BRAMLETTE,  
ED. KEENON,  
J. A. PRALL,  
Floor Committee.  
December 16, 1863-td.

NOTICE.  
THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE BULLIT county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself JOHN CLARK. He is about 5 feet 9 inches high, age not known but is young. Says he belongs to Jas. Fitz, of Louisville.  
The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.  
B. F. TROUTMAN, J. B. C.  
Dec. 16, 1863-1m.

### METROPOLITAN HALL.

RUNSEY'S MINSTRELS.  
MAMMOTH TROUPE OF THE WORLD.  
Thursday Night, December 17,  
POSITIVELY FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

### EIGHTEEN STAR PERFORMERS!

Under the immediate supervision of  
H. S. RUMSEY,  
The Lion Banjoist.

### ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELS.

This Company comprises the cream of the original RUMSEY & NEWCOMB & CAMPBELLS.  
Doors open at 7; commence at 8.  
Admission 50 cents. Children half price.  
Dec. 14, '63-td. CHAS. S. WOOD, Agent.

### City Election.

OFFICE CITY COUNCIL, FRANKFORT, Dec. 1, 1863.  
Ordered, That an election for eight Councilmen for the city of Frankfort, to serve for the ensuing year, be held at the Council Chamber, in said city, on the first Saturday in January next, also that an election be held at same time and place for a City Attorney to serve same time, and that A. G. Cramack and R. A. Brawner be judges to superintend said election.  
By order of the Board:  
Attest: G. W. GWIN, Mayor.  
J. W. BACHELOR, C. C. F.  
Dec. 1, 1863-td.

### NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO the jail of Harrison county, as a runaway slave, a negro boy calling himself JOHN. He is about 17 years of age, weighs about 150 pounds, copper color, about 5 feet 9 inches high. Says he belongs to Brown Paton of Alabama.  
The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.  
JOHN BRUCE, J. H. C.  
Dec. 7th, 1863-1m.

Attention!  
HEAD QRS PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,  
7TH DISTRICT KENTUCKY,  
LEXINGTON, December 1st, 1863.  
Any person enrolled in the 7th district of Kentucky can appear before the Board of Enrollment at my head-quarters and lay in his claim for exemption.  
No cases will be heard after the 20th of December, 1863.

THOS. H. MOORE,  
Capt. and Pro. Marshal 7th District Ky.  
Dec. 1, 1863-td.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Wm. CRAIK as a candidate for City Marshal, at the next election for city officers.  
Dec. 15, 1863-te.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

METCALPES REPORT—volumes 1, 2 and 3—for sale at S. C. Bull's Book store

Internal Revenue.  
John S. Nixon, Collector of Internal Revenue, having been disappointed in reaching Frankfort, on one of the days fixed in his advertisement, to receive the Internal Revenue, will again visit this county on Tuesday, the 22d day of December next—at which time, all who had not the opportunity of paying their Revenue to the United States Collector will be expected to come forward and do so. Mr. Nixon may be found at the room in the basement story of the Capital Hotel, next to L. Tobin's Grocery.  
Every tax payer had better call, and save ten percent, and costs.  
Dec. 2, 1863-td.

SAPONIFIER,  
OR CONCENTRATED LYE  
FAMILY SOAP MAKER.  
WAR MAKES HIGH PRICES SAPONIFIER helps to reduce them. It makes Soap for Four cents a pound by using your kitchen grease.  
CAUTION! As spurious Lyes are offered, also, be careful and only buy the Patented article put up in Iron cans, all others being Counterfeits.  
PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING CO.  
Philadelphia—No. 127, Walnut Street.  
Pittsburg—Pitt Street and Duquesne Way.  
Nov. 18, 1863-3m.

### Public Sale of a Large Vineyard.

UNDER a decree of the Franklin Circuit Court, will be sold  
On Monday, the 21st of December, 1863,  
At the Court House door, in the town of Frankfort, the Thomas S. PATE LARGE VINEYARD TRACT, containing 65 acres, 1 road, and 37 poles—being a resale of the place, Michael Dilger having failed to comply with terms of sale. Supposed to be 15 acres in Catawba Vines, in full bearing age, very comfortable houses, press house, superior wine cellar, extensive planting of fruit trees, &c. The soil is well furnished with wine casks, large wine presses and various other necessary supplies which will hereafter be sold at public sale.  
TERMS—One-third in one month, one-third each in one and two years with interest; bonds with security to have the force of reprieve bonds, with a lien upon the property, will be required. Also, will be sold at same time, 2 shares Frankfort and Lexington Railroad stock for cash.  
A. W. DUDLEY,  
Assignee and Trustee of Thos. S. Pate.  
Nov. 30, 1863-td.

### NOTICE.

THERE IS COMMITTED TO THE JEFFERSON county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself ELIZA. She is about 30 years of age, dark copper color, 5 feet high, weighing about 150 pounds, broad shoulders, and heavy set, has very bad teeth. Says she belongs to James H. Pate, of Harrison, Ky.  
The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.  
W. K. THOMAS, J. J. C.  
Dec. 11, 1863-1m.

### COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND SLAVES.

THE undersigned, as Commissioner under a judgment of the Scott Circuit Court, in the case of John H. Pate, trustee, vs. William Johnson and others, will expose at public sale to the high bidder on Tuesday, the 12th of January, 1864, the farm on which the said John H. Pate now resides, situated in Scott county, three miles from Georgetown, immediately on the turnpike leading from that place to Frankfort, containing about

460 ACRES  
Of first-rate land, in a high state of cultivation, and with an ample supply of water and timber for all purposes.

This farm will be divided and sold in parcels as follows, viz:  
No. 1. All that portion of the farm situated on the north side of the turnpike, containing about

242 ACRES.  
And upon which are the dwelling house and all other improvements necessary for comfort and convenience.

No. 2. The portion of the farm on the north side of the turnpike containing, about

211 ACRES.  
All under good fencing, and about 90 acres of which are first-rate timbered land. This tract is also well watered, the soil first rate, and presents superior advantages for a tract of its size.

No. 3. THE MILL PROPERTY, including TWO ACRES and SIX POLES. This is one of the best locations for a mill in the country, being on North Elkhorn, with a fine flow of water, with a large building for mill purposes, and within three miles of Georgetown, on a good turnpike.

No. 4. The large and well arranged HEMP FACTORY, with five acres and 22 poles of Land attached. The buildings necessary for a Hemp Manufacture are all complete, including large Hemp House, Hacking House, Rope Walk, &c. This factory is so situated that it can be run either by steam or water as may be desired. A fine Engine is attached to it, which with all the Machinery necessary for making Rope, will be sold at the same time.

The whole of the above property offers rare inducements to persons wishing to purchase good Farms; a good Mill, or a good Hemp Factory situated in the midst of a fine rich productive neighborhood.

I will sell at the same time 12 SLAVES: consisting of men, women, boys and girls. Many of these negroes are likely and valuable, and are worthy the attention of persons wishing to purchase.

The sale will take place at the residence of Gen. W. Johnson, on the first described tract of land, at 10 o'clock A. M.

TERMS OF SALE.—The slaves and other personalty will be sold on a credit of six months. The land will be sold for one-third cash, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years. Notes with good security bearing interest from date and having the force and effect of a judgment will be required for all the property sold. Purchasers may, on the day of sale, pay all or any portion of the purchase money in excess of the sum required.

Possession of slaves will be given on day of sale; and of the land on the 1st of March, 1864.  
JOHN F. PAYNE, Com'r.  
Dec. 14, 1863-td.—[See Observer & Reporter.]

### HEAD-QUARTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, November 28th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 6.  
For the information and guidance of all concerned.  
The President of the United States having issued a call for 300,000 volunteers, the quota assigned to Kentucky amounts to 12,701. This number should be raised by volunteering, for which time is given until the fifth day of January next. Should the enlistments not amount to the required number by that day, a draft will be enforced to make up the deficit.  
The accompanying list shows the exact number each County will be required to furnish. Many of these sub-districts have already exceeded their proportions, and consequently no assignment is now made them. The enlistments will be entirely for those Regiments now in the field, and for the space of three years or during the war. A premium of \$15 for each new recruit, or \$25 for each "Veteran," will be paid the party producing him, as soon as the recruit reaches the place of general rendezvous. Bounties of \$302 to new recruits, and of \$402 to those who have served at least nine months, will be paid in convenient installments, the first of which amounting, with advance pay, to \$75, will be given the recruit on his arrival at the camp of general rendezvous at Louisville, and before his departure to the field. An earlier expiration of the war will still leave the recruit entitled to his full bounty.  
Details from every Company in the service will act as Recruiting Agents in the various sub-districts. Entire harmony of action exists between Maj. Sidel, U. S. A. acting Assistant Provost Marshal General for Kentucky at Louisville, his District Provost Marshals, and the State authorities.  
It behooves every man in Kentucky to labor for the accomplishment of this common good, to assist in enlisting recruits sufficient to obviate the draft, which is sure to follow if we are delinquent in this duty. Let every onelend himself to this patriotic purpose—let every neighborhood respond in the most triumphant manner to this great moral and political obligation. Let every County determine to be among the first to satisfy this demand of justice, equality and law. Those noble districts which have made records so proud as to exempt them from the requirements of this order, may write their history in still brighter colors by continuing their contributions to our ranks.

Let it be remembered that, in some manner, our quota must be raised—that volunteers receive large bounties and drafted men receive none—that for every new recruit returned to the Provost Marshal \$15, and for every one who has served nine months \$25 will be paid the party producing him; that to the fifth of January, 1864, only is given the privilege of filling our quota by voluntary enlistments, and that then will follow an inexorable draft bearing in its train neither bounty nor honor.

By order of the Governor:

JOHN BOYLE,  
Adjutant General of Kentucky.

COUNTY.	No. of men required.
Adair.....	.....
Allen.....	.....
Anderson.....	.....
Ballard.....	279
Boyle.....	5
Breckinridge.....	258
Bullitt.....	.....
Bourbon.....	179
Barren.....	134
Breckinridge.....	.....
Boone.....	435
Butler.....	.....
Bath.....	.....
Breathitt.....	93
Boyd.....	.....
Campbell.....	488
Christian.....	119
Clarke.....	118
Cumberland.....	.....
Calloway.....	466
Cass.....	.....
Clinch.....	.....
Carroll.....	256
Crittenden.....	.....
Caldwell.....	170
Daviess.....	343
Edmonson.....	61
Estill.....	.....
Franklin.....	441
Fayette.....	357
Floyd.....	94
Fleming.....	.....
Fulton.....	303
Gallatin.....	148
Greenup.....	.....
Grant.....	.....
Graves.....	217
Grayson.....	.....
Garrard.....	.....
Henry.....	.....
Hart.....	.....
Henderson.....	282
Hickman.....	223
Harrison.....	162
Hardin.....	321
Hancock.....	150
Johnson.....	.....
Jefferson.....	.....
Jessamine.....	162
Jackson.....	.....
Knox.....	.....
Kenton.....	1,005
Larue.....	.....
Leitch.....	105
Lincoln.....	.....
Laurel.....	.....
Lawrence.....	.....
Livingston.....	241
Logan.....	129
Lyon.....	75
Madenburg.....	239
Madison.....	239
Montgomery.....	36
Meigs.....	.....
Morgan.....	215
Marion.....	.....
Monroe.....	.....
Meade.....	197
McCracken.....	553
Marshall.....	172
McLean.....	.....
Magoffin.....	.....
Metcalfe.....	.....



STATEMENT		
OF THE CONDITION OF THE		
ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY,		
On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1863, made to the		
Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance		
with an act entitled, "An act to regulate the		
Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved		
3d March, 1863.		
The name of the corporation is ETNA IN-		
SURANCE COMPANY, and is located at		
Hartford, Connecticut.		
The capital is FIFTY HUNDRED THOU-		
SAND DOLLARS, and is paid up.		
ASSETS.		
Real Estate unimproved.	Par Value.	Market Val.
Cash on hand and in Bank.		\$87,963 18
Cash in the hands of Agents		88,990 92
in transit.		111,968 05
Hartford, P. & F. Railroad.		
Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent.,	\$44,000	39,600 00
semi-annual interest.		
Cleveland & P. A. Railroad.		
Mortgage Bonds, 7 pr. ct.,	3,500	4,000 00
semi-annual interest.		
N. Y. Central Railroad.		
(Convert.) Mortgage Bonds,		
7 per cent., semi-annual	10,000	12,200 00
interest.		
Cleveland & T. Railroad.		
(S. P.) Mortgage Bonds,		
7 per cent., semi-annual	25,000	27,750 00
interest.		
Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R.,		
(G. I. Mort.) Mortgage Bonds,		
7 per cent., semi-annual	25,000	27,250 00
interest.		
(2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds,		
7 per cent., semi-annual	25,000	25,500 00
interest.		
P. F. W. & C. Railroad, (2d		
Mort.) Mortgage Bonds,		
7 per cent., semi-annual	25,000	25,500 00
interest.		
Atlantic Dock Co., Mortgage		
Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-	20,000	22,000 00
annual interest.		
Hartford & N. H. R. R. Co.,		
Mortgage Bonds, 6 pr. ct.,	38,000	41,800 00
semi-annual interest.		
N. Y. Central Railroad Co.,		
Mortgage Bonds, 6 pr. ct.,	30,000	32,400 00
semi-annual interest.		
N. J. R. R. & Trans. Co.,		
Mortgage Bonds, 6 pr. ct.,	19,000	19,000 00
semi-annual interest.		
Canal River Railroad, (2d		
Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 6 pr. ct.,		
semi-annual interest.	10,000	10,000 00
Little Miami Railroad Co.,		
Mortgage Bonds, 6 pr. ct.,	3,000	3,360 00
semi-annual interest.		
Michigan Central R. R. Co.,		
Mortgage Bonds, 8 pr. ct.,	10,000	12,100 00
semi-annual interest.		
Rochester City Bonds, 7 pr.	25,000	28,000 00
cent., semi-annual int.		
Brooklyn City Bonds, (Wate-		
ry) 6 pr. cent., semi-	25,000	29,250 00
annual interest.		
New York City Bonds, 6 pr.	75,000	86,250 00
ct., quarterly.		
Hartford City Bonds, 6 pr.	38,000	42,940 00
cent., semi-annual int.		
Hartford City Scrip, 6 pr. ct.,	26,000	26,000 00
semi-annual interest.		
Town of Hartford Bonds,		
[1853 & 1855] 6 pr. cent.,	60,000	67,200 00
annual interest.		
Jersey City Water Bonds, 6	25,000	28,500 00
pr. ct. semi-annual int.		
United States Coupon Bonds		
1874, 5 pr. cent. semi-	205,000	200,900 00
annual interest.		
United States Coupon Bonds		
1881, 6 pr. cent., semi-	125,000	135,000 00
annual interest.		
United States 5-20s.] Cou-		
pon Bonds, 5 pr. cent.,	100,000	100,000 00
semi-annual interest.		
U. S. Treasury Notes, [Aug-		
ust.] 7-10 pr. ct., semi-	57,300	60,165 00
annual interest.		
Ky. State Stock, 6 pr. ct.,	10,000	10,500 00
semi-annual interest.		
N. Y. State Stock, 6 pr. ct.,	31,000	35,650 00
quarterly interest.		
N. J. State Stock, 6 pr. ct.,	15,000	16,450 00
semi-annual interest.		
Connecticut State Stock, 6 pr.	20,000	22,800 00
ct., semi-annual interest.		
Ohio State Stock, 6 pr. cent.,	100,000	112,000 00
semi-annual interest.		
Michigan State Stock, 6 pr. ct.,	25,000	26,000 00
semi-annual interest.		
Indiana State Stock, 2 1/2 pr.	76,000	45,600 00
ct., semi-annual interest.		
Temporary loan from the State		
of Connecticut, with ac-	101,530 70	
rued interest.		
Atlantic Mutual Insurance		
Co., Scrip, 1862, 1863, 1864,	18,600	15,886 00
500 Shares Hartford and N.		
Haven R. R. Co. Stock,	50,000	90,000 00
250 Shares Conn. River R.		
R. Co. Stock,	25,000	26,500 00
107 Shares Boston and Wor-		
cester R. R. Co. Stock,	10,700	15,515 00
50 Shares Conn. River Co.		
Stock,	5,000	1,250 00
50 Shares Clinton R. R. S. K.		
Waterbury, Conn.,	5,000	5,250 00
50 Shares Stafford B'nk S. K.		
Stafford Springs, Conn.,	5,000	5,150 00
36 Shares Eagle B'nk S. K.		
Providence, R. I.,	1,800	1,800 00
200 Shares Reverse B'nk S. K.		
Boston, Mass.,	20,000	21,000 00
100 Shares Safety Fund B'nk		
Stock, Boston, Mass.,	10,000	10,300 00
200 Shares B'nk of the State		
Mo. S. K., St. Louis, Mo.,	20,000	16,000 00
100 Shares Merchants Bank		
Stock, St. Louis, Mo.,	10,000	8,000 00
200 Shares Mechanics Bank		
Stock, St. Louis, Mo.,	20,000	16,000 00
400 Shares Farmers and Me-		
chanics B'nk S. K., Phil. Pa.	20,000	22,800 00
40 Shares B'nk S. K., Phil. Pa.		
Hartford, Conn.,	14,000	14,700 00
100 Shares Bank of Hartford,		
Conn. S. K., Hartford, Conn.,	5,000	5,000 00
200 Shares City Bank Stock,		
Hartford, Conn.,	20,000	21,600 00
100 Shares Charter Oak B'nk		
Stock, Hartford, Conn.,	10,000	9,900 00
275 Shares Exchange Bank		
Stock, Hartford, Conn.,	13,750	13,750 00
440 Shares Farmers & Me-		
chanics Bank S. K., Har-		
ford, Conn.,	44,000	51,040 00
900 Shares Hartford B'nk S. K.,		
Hartford, Conn.,	50,000	71,500 00
100 Shares Merchants Bank		
Manufacturers B'nk S. K., H. & C.	10,000	10,500 00
300 Shares Phoenix B'nk S. K.,		
Hartford, Conn.,	30,000	32,100 00
250 Shares State B'nk Stock,		
Hartford, Conn.,	25,000	30,500 00
150 Shares Conn. Riv. B'nk,		
ing Co. S. K., Hartf'd, Conn.	7,500	11,250 00
400 Shares Am. Ex. B'nk S. K.,		
N. Y. City,	40,000	42,000 00
200 Shares B'nk of Am. S. K.,		
N. Y. City,	30,000	39,000 00
800 Shares Broadway Bank		
S. K., N. Y. City,	20,000	32,000 00
800 Shares Butcher & Dri-		
vers B'nk S. K., N. Y. City,	20,000	25,000 00
100 Shares City B'nk Stock,		
N. Y. City,	10,000	14,000 00
100 Shares Bank of Conn'th		
Stock, N. Y. City,	20,000	20,400 00
200 Shares B'nk of Commerce		
Stock, N. Y. City,	10,000	10,000 00
100 Shares Hanover B'nk S. K.,		
N. Y. City,	10,000	10,000 00
300 Shares Importers and		
Traders B'nk S. K., N. Y. City,	30,000	31,800 00
100 Shares Mercantile Bank		
Stock, N. Y. City,	10,000	13,000 00
200 Shares Market B'nk S. K.,		
N. Y. City,	20,000	20,000 00
1200 Shares Mechanics B'nk		
Stock, N. Y. City,	30,000	35,400 00
200 Shares Merchants Ex-		
B'nk S. K., N. Y. City,	10,000	10,000 00
400 Shares Metropolitan B'nk		
Stock, N. Y. City,	40,000	46,000 00
820 Shares Merchants Bank		
Stock, N. Y. City,	41,000	44,250 00
200 Shares Manhattan Co.		
B'nk S. K., N. Y. City,	20,000	23,000 00

300 Shares Nassau B'nk S. K.,

New York City,

30,000

31,800 00

200 Shares North River, B'nk

Stock, N. Y. City,

10,000

10,500 00

300 Shares Bank of N. Y.

Stock, N. Y. City,

30,000

35,400 00

200 Shares B'nk North Amer-

ica S. K., N. Y. City,

20,000

21,000 00

200 Shares Bank of the Re-

public S. K., N. Y. City,

20,000

21,600 00

400 Shares Ocean B'nk Stock,

New York City,

20,000

20,000 00

400 Shares Peoples B'nk S. K.,

New York City,

10,000

10,000 00

300 Shares Phenix B'nk S. K.,

N. Y. City,

10,000

11,200 00

400 Shares Union Bank S. K.,

N. Y. City,

20,000

23,600 00

150 Shares N. Y. L. Ins. and

Trust Co. S. K., N. Y. City,

15,000

31,500 00

100 Shares U. S. Trust Co.

Stock, N. Y. City,

10,000

20,000 00

Total assets of Company,...

\$2,952,248 85

LIABILITIES.

The amount of Liabilities due or not

due to banks and other creditors,...

None.

Losses adjusted and due,...

None.

Losses adjusted and not due,...

\$ 5,628 88

Losses unadjusted, in suspense, or

waiting for further proofs,...

137,107 12

All claims against the Company are

small, for printing, &c.

Total liabilities,...

\$142,735 95

STATE OF CONNECTICUT,

HARTFORD COUNTY,

Thomas A. Alexander, President, and Lucius

J. Hendee, Secretary of the ETNA IN-

SURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, de-

pose and say, each for himself, says, that the fore-

going is, a full, true and correct statement of the

affairs of the said Company—that the said In-

surance Company is the bona fide owner of at least

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND

DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in

Stocks and Bonds; that the above described

investments, nor any part thereof, are made for

the benefit of any individual exercising authority

in the management of said Company, nor for any

other person or persons whatever; and that they

are the above described officers of the said Etina

Insurance Company.

THOS. A. ALEXANDER, President.

LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a

Justice of the Peace in and for said

County of Hartford, State of Connecticut,

this 24 day of July, 1863.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, Ky.,

FRANKFORT, July 2, 1863.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy

of the original on file in my office.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set

my hand and affixed my official seal, the

day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,

FRANKFORT, July 2, 1863.

No. 20, Renewal.]

This is to certify, that J. M. Mills, as Agent of

the Etina Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.,

at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this

office the statements and exhibits required by the

provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate

Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," ap-

proved March 3, 1863; and it having been shown

to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said

Company is possessed of an actual capital of at

least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as

required by said act, the said J. M. Mills, as Agent

as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to

take risks and transact business of insurance at

his office in Frankfort for the term of one year

from the date hereof. But this license may be

revoked if it shall be made to appear to the un-

dersigned that since filing of the statements above

referred to, the available capital of said Company

has been reduced below one hundred and fifty

thousand dollars.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof, I have set my

hand the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

By C. BAILEY, Assistant.

The following is a list of licensed Etina agents

in Kentucky for the year commencing July 1,

1863.

Jas. W. Armstrong, Augusta, Bracken county,

Wm. Alexander, Brandenburg, Meade

Philip S. Bush, Covington, Kenton

M. L. Broadwell, Cynthia, Harrison

Jas. A. Chappell, Carlisle, Nicholas

Alex. H. Lathrop, Carroll, Carroll

David R. Murray, Cloverport, Breck ridge county,

Alex. S. McGorty, Danville, Boyle

Stephen Eliot, Elizabethtown, Hardin

Fred. H. Skinner, Eddyville, Lyon

John M. Mills, Frankfort, Franklin

Sam'l Stockwell, Flemingsburg, Fleming

Noah Spears, Jr., Georgetown, Scott

Philip H. Hilyer, Henderson, Henderson

H. A. Phelps, Hopkinsville, Christian

Stephen Powers, Havesville, Hancock

James A. Curry, Harrodsburg, Mercer

Jas. W. Cochran, Lexington, Fayette

Abner G. Daniel, Jr., Lancaster, Garrard

Fred. B. Merince, Lebanon, Marion

Wm. Prather, Louisville, Jefferson

Joseph Broderick, Mayville, Mason

Wm. Hoffman, Mt. Sterling, Montgomery

Chas. T. Chilton, New Castle, Henry

John A. Willis, Nicholasville, Jessamine

Henry Blanton, New Liberty, Owen

Chas. P. Buchanan, Newport, Campbell

John O'Brien, Owensboro, Davies

Wm. W. Massie, Paris, Bourbon

John Marshall, Paducah, McCracken

Isaac D. Smith, Richmond, Madison

Wm. R. Casey, Spiceland, Washington

Thos. M. Davis, Smithland, Livingston

James I. Caldwell, Shelbyville, Shelby

Henry T. Harris, Stanford, Lincoln

Dan'l M. Bowman, Versailles, Woodford

A. C. Ward, Winchester, Clarke

H. J. Abbott, Warsaw, Gallatin

July 20-2w.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me

that JOHN W. SWAIN, under indictment

in the Kenton Circuit Court for the murder of

Peter Finley, has made his escape from the Cov-

ington jail said of county, and is now going in

the State of Kentucky;

Now, therefore, I, THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE,

Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do

hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND

FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the

said John W. Swain, and his delivery to the

Jail of Kenton county, within one year from the

date hereof:

[L. S.] IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I

have hereunto set my hand and caused

the seal of the Commonwealth to be

affixed. Done at Frankfort this 2d

day of Sept. A. D. 1863, and in the

72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor:

E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.

Sept. 2, 1863-w&t3m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL

of Livingston county, as a runaway slave, on the

5th of September 1863, a negro boy calling him-

self ADAM. He is about 10 or 12 years of age,

4 feet 2 inches high, black color, Says he be-

longs to Nat. Porter of Henry county, Tennes-

ssee.

The owner can come forward, prove property,

and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the

law requires. T. A. LEEPER, J. L. C.

Sept. 16, 1863-1m.

MRS. MARY WILLIS TODD'S

SCHOOL will commence, Monday, the 7th day

of September, 1863, in the basement of the

Presbyterian Church.

TERMS—Per Session of five months, \$10.